

HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

SPENCER COOPER, Owner and Editor.

"Of a Noisy World, With News From All Nations Lumbering at His Back."

\$1.00 A YEAR, Always in Advance.

SEVENTH YEAR.

HAZEL GREEN, WOLFE COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1891.

NUMBER 20.

ANNIHILATION

— OF —

PRICES

GREAT STOCK TAKING SALE OF

CLOTHING

— AT —

LOUIS & GUS STRAUS

PRICE CUT IN TWO.

READ OUR PRICES! READ OUR PRICES! READ OUR PRICES!
Our \$7.50 Suit, worth \$15. Our \$10 Suit, worth \$20.
Our \$15 Suit, worth \$30. Our \$20 Suit, worth \$40.
Our \$1 Undershirt, marked down to 50 Cents.
Our \$1 Drawers, marked down to 50 Cents.
Our \$2 Undershirt, marked down to \$1.
Our \$2 Drawers, marked down to 50 Cents.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

All goods marked in Plain Figures. We will cut them in Half, which means 50 cents on the Dollar.

Good Summer Coats at 20 Cents.

Men's Seersucker Coats 50 Cents.
Worth \$1.00.

This is an opportunity once in a lifetime. Remember you have the best assortment in Kentucky to select from.

Louis & Gus Straus!

Leading Clothiers of Lexington, Ky.

Winchester: Female: College.

Superior Facilities for the Higher Education of Young Ladies.

First-class in all appointments. Delightful Home. Central Location. Six Departments:

CLASSICS. SCIENTIFIC. ENGLISH. MUSIC. COMMERCIAL. ART.
New Buildings and Furniture. Terms Reasonable. Send for catalogue.
S. W. PEARCY, President,
je26,3m WINCHESTER, KY.

ED MITCHELL,

— DEALER IN —

Hardware, Queensware, Tinware, and a full line of Agricultural Implements.

VULCAN CHILLED PLOWS, (best made),
B. F. AVERY & SON'S STEEL PLOWS,
BALL MITCHELL & CO.'S STEEL HILL
SIDE PLOWS,
IMPROVED MALTA DOUBLE SHOVEL
PLOWS,
OLIVER CHILL and SOUTH BEND PLOW
REPAIRS,
STODARD'S NEW CORMACK and TIGER
DISC HARROWS,
EVANS' 2-HORSE CHAIN PLANTERS,
EVANS' TRIPLE HARROWS,
WHITELY'S SOLID STEEL BINDERS and
MOWERS,
CLUMBLIA, TIGER and GRANGER SULKY
HAY RAKES,
COOK'S PATENT EVAPORATORS,
HAYENS' PIONEER CASE MILLS,
FISH BROS' CELEBRATED WAGONS,
JONES' U. S. STANDARD 5-TON WAGON
Scales, price \$50, with a written guarantee for 5 years.

The largest stock of Cook and Heating Stoves of any house in Eastern Kentucky.

Cutlery, Shears, and Builders' Hardware a Specialty.
East side S. Maysville Street, MT. STERLING, KY.

The English Kitchen

12 West Short Street, - LEXINGTON, KY.
A: Model: Restaurant: in: Almost: Every: Feature

— SEATING CAPACITY 150. —

Fresh Oysters at all seasons. Blue Points, Saddle Rocks, New York Counts and Mobile Counts.

REGULAR MEALS 25 CENTS.

Meals to order at all hours. Delicacies of the season always on hand.
The most complete and modern kitchen in the State. Among the recent additions is a Miller Improved Range, the finest in the world, with eighteen fires, six steaming attachments, two large broilers, and hot and cold water reservoirs. This range will cook anything from a half a beef to a tid-bit of sweetbread, and is the only one of the kind in Kentucky.
A hearty welcome and the most courteous treatment to all.
nov21,1y
GUS LUIGART, Proprietor.

STATE SUNSHINE AND SHADOW.

THE Kentucky Baptist Association, colored, meets at Lexington on Tuesday next.

POKE WILLIAMS shot and killed Jas. Lanham at Corbin on Thursday of last week.

WILLIAM LEWIS was instantly killed near Vanceburg, recently, by a large saw log rolling over him.

WM. EVANS, employed as a teamster at Bull Creek, was killed Friday by a team of runaway mules.

POLITICS split the Alliance in Owen county, one wing being styled "Straight outs" and the other "Gingersmiths."

JOHN BORDEN's barn, at Cold Spring, Kenton county, was last week struck by lightning and destroyed. Loss \$3,500.

MRS. MARY BURKMAN, suicided at Covington by taking rough on rats, just because her husband was not so good as he might be.

The police of Danville last week arrested a negro giving his name as Wm. Redmon, just after he had robbed a store at that place.

MARSHALL FOX, of Hopkinsville, Ky., who was shot by Charles Brame at a country dance several days ago, is dead. Brame is under arrest.

SYLVESTER YOUNG, cashier of the N. N. & M. V. railroad, disappeared from Louisville Friday night and he is thought to be short in his accounts.

THE bodies of J. T. Parsons and Samuel Cole, the two men drowned in the Ohio at Paducah on the 28th ult., were recovered on Thursday of last week.

JOHN ROACHE suicided at Covington last week because of parental objection to his marrying, taking the rope route for his excursion because of its superior terminal facilities.

THE K. U. railroad and the Lexington Electric Belt Line are before the U. S. Court at Louisville the suit being to establish the ownership and right of way over the latter road.

DAVE KING, the brute husband, who escaped from the mob that took him from the Dixon jail to hang him, was subsequently arrested and placed in the jail at Owensboro for safe keeping.

A COLLISION between a fast freight and a wrecking train at Donerail, on the Queen and Crescent, resulted in the death of Fireman George McKinley and the destruction of several cars.

THE eloquent orator, Hon. W. C. P. Breckinridge, delivered an address before the Virginia Bar association at White Sulphur Springs, recently, which is said to have been "one of the finest."

THE total capital invested in coal production in Kentucky during the census year was \$6,581,380; number of employees, 5,260; the wage payments, \$1,756,363; other expenditures, \$2,156,548.

ON Thursday of last week Hopkinsville voted \$115,000 subscription for the extension of the Ohio Valley road from Princeton to that city. Out of 908 votes cast, only twelve were against the proposition.

MILTON YOUNG, the Lexington horse race man, is said to have bought Potomac and Longstreet, paying \$30,000 for the two. Potomac was the winner of the Futurity stakes, \$67,675, and the Realization stakes, \$31,050.

THE wife of Capt. J. H. Bradshaw, of Paris, tied an apron over her face, a stone around her neck and a rope around her ankles and then threw herself into Stoner creek, where her dead body was found. Cause, domestic troubles.

PETE SMITH, of Washington C. H., Ohio, while in Covington last week on a visit beat \$600 and \$800, respectively, on two horses in the Brighton Race races, and when the race report came in the pool room cashier paid him \$5,000.

At McAfee, Mercer county, last week Joe Elliston, colored, outraged the person of Tobie Olds, colored. Elliston, who is a man of large family, has fled to avoid the wrath of a large body of colored citizens who were searching for him with a rope.

A Never Failing Remedy.

MEGRIMME, the only permanent cure for all forms of headache and neuralgia, relieves the pain in from 15 to 20 minutes. For sale on positive guarantee at THE HERALD office, or sent postpaid by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box.

OVER THE WORLD IN A WEEK.

—At Topeka, Kas., a tragedy was enacted at the State penitentiary. While returning from divine service two colored convicts happened to be together. One of them, through accident or design, kept stepping on the heels of his fellow convict. A fight ensued, during which the offending convict was thrown or pushed to the stone floor beneath, a distance of thirty feet. He soon died.

—Two boys, named Moore and Green, were out fishing near Springfield, Ohio, and saw a squirrel engaged in a deadly battle with a snake. The squirrel caught the reptile back of the head and bit into its neck until it was dead. The snake was three feet in length. The squirrel was so played out after the battle that the boys killed it with a club.

—An army of tramps made a raid on the town of Catawassa, Pa., last week and twelve houses were broken into. Alarm was given, and the citizens organized for protection and the tramps fled. Sentinels guarded the town the remainder of the night.

—There is great excitement among the Cincinnati Southern railroad conductors over the fact that five of their number have been asked to resign. It is said that the road has had detectives for some time, who found a good deal of crookedness.

—While Rev. Sam Jones was preaching to a large audience, most of whom were ladies, at Houston, Texas, recently, some miscreants on the outside turned out the lights, and rottenegged the evangelist and congregation.

—Great interest is aroused among the people of Pomona Valley (Cal.) by the purchase of 460 acres of land, with an option of 300 more, for the purpose of planting the largest fig orchard in the world.

—While the employees of the Peconic bank, Sag Harbor, L. I., were watching a passing circus procession, a thief entered a bank and grabbed a package containing \$3,500, with which he escaped.

—A water supply inspection committee reports that Cincinnatians use drinking water contaminated by drainage from the habitations of 30,000 people living near the waterworks.

—An editor of the New York News has been indicted for publishing an account of the recent electrocution at Sing Sing. The New York law forbids such publication.

—The earth has caved in in many places in Edwardsville, Pa., causing houses to topple over and rendering the land in the vicinity useless for further building.

—The wholesale liquor house of J. B. Cowan & Co., at Dallas, Texas, was destroyed by fire recently, and 700 barrels of liquor went up in the flames. Loss \$75,000.

—Patrick Toohey, of Milwaukee, Wis., confesses to shooting and attempted robbery in 1883, for which crime two young men served three years in State prison.

—A farmer living near Coldwater, Mich., had fifteen prize cattle poisoned recently by some fiend who fed them green and salt.

—James Gordon Bennett has been indicted for publishing an account of the recent electrocution of the four murderers in New York.

—A Connecticut man has gone into the business of propagating weaver rats. He sells their skins to "kid" glove manufacturers.

—An enterprising New Hampshire woman has been drawing four pensions as Mrs. Smith, which was not her name at all.

—On his first trip out a brakeman on the C. J. & M. railroad fell from a box car at Coldwater, Ohio, and broke his neck.

—It is said that the five leading hotels at Saratoga take in an aggregate of \$2,000,000 a month during the busy season.

—Fire at Newport News, Va., destroyed over twenty buildings, stores and dwellings. Estimated loss, \$50,000.

—The motion for a new trial in the case of Ex-Conf. Treasurer Noland, of Missouri, has been overruled.
—Philadelphia claims the largest cold storage warehouse in the United States.
Keep gray hairs from forming by using Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

KENTUCKY CENTRAL RAILWAY.

"BLUE GRASS ROUTE."
SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM CENTRAL KENTUCKY

TO ALL PLACES NORTH, EAST, WEST AND SOUTHWEST. FAST LINE BETWEEN LEXINGTON AND CINCINNATI. SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 10, 1891.

SOUTH BOUND.		No. 1	No. 5	No. 3
		Daily	Daily	Accom.
		Express	Fast	Ex. Sun.
Cincinnati	Le	8 10am	8 00pm	3 00pm
Covington	Le	8 18am	8 08pm	3 06pm
Paris	Le	11 18am	10 23pm	6 10pm
Lexington	Le	12 10m	11 00pm	7 00pm
Winchester	Le	11 25am	10 15pm	6 15pm
Richmond	Le	12 10m	10 55pm	7 05pm
Lancaster	Le	3 05pm	1 55pm	7 55pm
Corbin	Le	4 50pm	2 40pm	8 40pm
Middlesboro	Le	7 35pm	5 25pm	11 25pm
Cumberland Gap	Le	7 50pm	5 40pm	11 40pm
Corbin	Le	4 50pm	3 40pm	8 40pm
Williamsburg	Le	5 45pm	4 35pm	9 35pm
Jellison	Le	6 20pm	5 10pm	10 10pm
Richmond	Le	1 50pm	12 40pm	7 55pm
Lancaster	Le	2 45pm	1 35pm	8 50pm
Stanford	Le	3 20pm	2 10pm	9 25pm
NORTH BOUND.		No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
		Daily	Daily	Ex. Sun.
		Express	Fast	Ex. Sun.
Stanford	Le	7 00am	7 00am	7 00am
Lancaster	Le	7 50am	7 50am	7 50am
Richmond	Le	10 15am	10 15am	10 15am
Jellison	Le	8 15am	8 15am	8 15am
Williamsburg	Le	8 50am	8 50am	8 50am
Corbin	Le	9 35am	9 35am	9 35am
Richmond	Le	10 10am	10 10am	10 10am
Middlesboro	Le	6 58am	6 58am	6 58am
Corbin	Le	9 25am	9 25am	9 25am
Lexington	Le	11 05am	11 05am	11 05am
Winchester	Le	6 05am	12 46pm	12 46pm
Richmond	Le	6 55am	1 40pm	1 40pm
Paris	Le	7 45am	2 30pm	2 30pm
Lexington	Le	7 00am	2 00pm	2 00pm
Paris	Le	7 35am	2 45pm	2 45pm
Covington	Le	8 15am	3 25pm	3 25pm
Cincinnati	Le	10 10am	5 40pm	5 40pm

W. L. MUNSON, Trav. Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, Ohio.
S. R. KNOTT, C. P. ATTORNEY, Louisville, Ky.
S. F. R. MORSE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, Ohio.
Office, Chamber of Commerce Building.
No. 2. Daily to all points except Rowland Division, which is daily except Sunday.
No. 3. Runs daily from Lexington to Cincinnati.
No. 4. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 5. Daily from all stations except the Rowland Division, which is daily except Sunday.
No. 6. Daily except Sunday.
No. 7. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 8. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 9. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 10. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 11. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 12. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 13. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 14. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 15. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 16. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 17. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 18. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 19. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.
No. 20. Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.

IN EFFECT MAY 18th, 1891.

OLD KENTUCKY ROUTE.

Newport News & Mississippi Valley Co. (E. D.)

WASHINGTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, NEW YORK, OLD POINT & THE SEA SHORE, And all Eastern Cities.

The Direct Line to LEXINGTON, LOUISVILLE, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY, CHATTANOOGA, MEMPHIS, And all Points West and Northwest, and South and Southwest.

EAST BOUND.		Fast	Fast M	Accom.
		Express	Daily	Ex. Sun.
		Daily	Ex. Sun.	Ex. Sun.
Lexington	Le	4 15pm	7 35am	5 45pm
Winchester	Le	7 00pm	8 23am	7 10pm
Mt. Sterling	Le	7 30pm	8 52am	7 45pm
Oliver Hill	Le	8 03pm	10 42am	10 00pm
Ashtand	Le	10 30pm	12 15pm	11 25pm
Cattlettsburg	Le	10 43pm	12 28pm	11 38pm
Huntington	Le	11 07pm	12 50pm	12 00pm

WEST BOUND.
Huntington Le | 1 20pm | 6 00am | 5 45pm || Cattlettsburg | Le | 1 39pm | 6 25am | 6 00pm |
Ashtand	Le	1 58pm	6 50am	6 25pm
Oliver Hill	Le	2 17pm	7 15am	6 45pm
Mt. Sterling	Le	2 36pm	7 40am	6 55pm
Winchester	Le	2 55pm	8 05am	7 10pm
Lexington	Le	3 14pm	8 30am	7 35pm

LIMITED VESTIBULE EXPRESS runs daily and has Vestibule Pullman Buffet Sleepers between Louisville, Lexington, Washington, New York and Old Point Comfort. This train is made part of the celebrated

East of Huntington on the C. & O. route. FAST MAIL TRAINS run daily except Sunday between Lexington and Huntington. Make direct connections at Lexington with C. & O. At Ashtand with S. V. Ry. At Winchester with K. C. R. R. north and south bound, and at Lexington with L. & N. L. S. and C. N. O. & T. P. Railroads. LEXINGTON and OLIVER HILL ACCOMMODATION, daily except Sunday. Connected at Winchester to and from C. C. points, and at Lexington with L. S. R. R. for Louisville. For full information as to Rates, Routes, etc., apply to any Agent of this or connecting lines, or to H. E. WATKINS, G. A. C. L. BROWN, V. F. and G. M. G. P. A. LEXINGTON, KY. G. W. BARNEY, W. H. HARRISON, G. A. Lexington, Ky. G. A. Ashtand, Ky.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

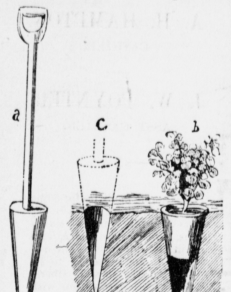
A USEFUL IMPLEMENT.

The "Pot Tiller" Described by an Ingenious and Experienced Farmer.

I have a pot tiller used in plunging pots in summer in the line of flowering plants, strawberry runners, etc. Its chief value is the remedy it provides against angle worms entering the pots from the drainage hole below, a point that will be highly appreciated by all who know how troublesome these worms usually are in plunged pots.

In my drawings a shows the tool as made from a block of maple wood six inches square and twenty-two inches long. I had mine turned by a cabinet maker although with considerable care, one could be shaved down with a draw knife. The nearer perfectly round it is the better it will be suited to its purpose. The tool is completed by the addition of a handle as shown and this might be from an old spade.

Figure b shows the use of the tool in the case of a geranium pot plunged in the ground. The tool is inserted to a size that required the dibble to be thrust into the plunging soil to its entire length. In putting the pot down it should be pressed in rather firmly. Besides getting the best of angle worms



DIBBLE USED FOR PLUNGING POTS.

two other important gains are secured, namely: the pot is afforded perfect drainage, and the trouble of "rooting through" the drain hole of the pot is overcome.

Figure c represents the use of the dibble for a smaller-sized pot. Coming to a point as it does, the tool can be used for pots of the smallest size quite as readily as for larger ones.

In getting ready for plunging pots by this means, the soil should first be tamped down to a depth equal to the length of the dibble. This tool also comes into play at times in transplanting small shrubs, vines, etc.—C. C. Warlander, in Popular Gardening.

REGARDING ENSILAGE.

A Few Principles Which Should Be Carefully Understood by Farmers.

Any crop that is nutritious and valuable to feed green is also valuable for ensilage. The silo cannot add to its nutritive elements, it can only conserve them. Thus any crop is valuable for ensilage if it is valuable to feed green.

So long as any crop is growing or developing nutritious substances, so long is it increasing in value. It is wise then to leave the crop in the field, uncultivated, so long as either stalk or grain is increasing in quantity and nutritive elements. But just as soon as the plant commences to dry and harden off, that it may keep and not ferment, then it commences to form indigestible fibers, and then we should stop in and by the use of the silo preserve the succulence, which is so appetizing, so digestible, so wholesome to our farm stock.

Let us remember that the silo is useful simply in excluding the air, thus enabling us to preserve our crops as we do our fruit. Who of us has not learned that our beautiful canned fruit has more than nutrition? It fosters the appetite, stimulates digestion, by letting a more liberal secretion of the digestive fluids, and thus is a savor of health. Just so ensilage adds to the health, vigor and longevity of our kind.—Country Gentleman.

DAIRY SUGGESTIONS.

CALVES feed milk like a drink of water hot days.

Is there any shade in your pasture? The answer is—

Provide a regular supply of salt for the cows. Let them help themselves.

If the cow's teats get scratched or cracked grease them after each milking.

If you are selling cream be sure it is in good order when delivered to the driver or at the station, then insist upon full payment for it.

A piece of muslin fresh from the bolt is more attractive over a package of butter than a piece of cloth with one or two buttonholes in it.

Take early care of the calf has much to do with the milking qualities of the cow. Stunted in early life, the calf can never make a cow of the best.—Farm, Field and Stockman.

STORE UNDER SHELTER.

Hay Stacked Outside Losing by Leaching and Evaporation.

Upon the matter of storing away the hay largely depends its value as feed during the winter. If cut at the right stage, well cured and stored away in a good condition, hay makes one of the best winter feeds that can be secured. Stock can readily be kept in a good thrifty condition if well sheltered and fed plenty of hay, and very little grain will be needed. With machinery to cut and handle the hay it is one of the cheapest feeding materials that can be used. It is always an item to get hay cured and stored without getting wet if possible, and in hot dry weather it will cure out very rapidly.

So far as possible the hay should all be stored under shelter. No matter how carefully stacked outside, there is always more or less loss by leaching and evaporation, while if the work is done a little carelessly the loss is often quite serious. With a good shelter and good hay stored away is that much saved. In most cases it will prove good economy to build sheds in which to store the hay if there is not storage room enough in the barn.

Hay stacked not only loses by leaching and evaporation, but the work of handling in feeding out, as well as the waste, is increased.

If, however, it is necessary to stack outside, arrange to put the hay in long racks. This will materially lessen the quantity of hay exposed to rain, snow, sleet and sun. The hay knife can be used to good advantage when only a part of a rack at a time can be hauled in. Putting up in round, small stacks greatly increases the proportion of waste, because a greater surface is exposed, while there is no possible advantage to make up for the greater loss. If necessary to stack build a platform so that the hay will be up from the ground, build long racks, taking pains to top each rack so that it will shed rain readily. Stack as conveniently as possible to the barn or feeding lots, so as to lessen the work of handling. If there is room to store a part and not all put the clover and millet under shelter and stack the timothy and red-top outside.—St. Louis Republic.

HINTS ABOUT RENNET.
The Proper Way of Preparing It for Cheese-Making Purposes.
A rennet is at its best when a healthy calf is between three and five days old and has a stomach full of milk. The contents of the stomach should be emptied, but no washing of the inclosed mass should be allowed. Scalding and stretching over a bow is better than to fill with salt. None but the best and cleanest salt should ever touch it. It is best to wash the stomach with salt water, hang it in a pure dry air, so that the skin do not touch one another—as they will mold if they do. Many believe the older they are, if kept dry, the better they are, but we don't know about that, but used them when dried to a crisp condition.

When ready to extract the rennet element from them, soak them in water that should be heated and cooled, with salt enough in it to keep the liquor from tainting, as it is an animal substance and will taint nearly as quickly as fresh meat. Lickuvaru water will hasten the process, but in no case use water up to 130, for that temperature ruins the rennet and makes the coagulating element inert and worthless.

Let the skin soak a week or more, then handle and squeeze, getting as strong liquor as possible from them. Then set them again, in more fresh water, and get liquor of less strength, always bearing in mind to avoid weak dilutions as much as possible. Then mix the first and second tinctures, so that all will be of one strength. To purify the liquor filter it through layers of straw, clean gravel and charcoal, after having strained out all animal tissues by passing through cloth.

Be sure and have it salt enough to keep well; jar it in jugs, or well covered jars, and set in a cool cellar till wanted. It is well to make enough early in the spring, when the calf crop is plentiful, to last the season. As the whole has the same strength, the cheesemaker can soon learn how much of it to use per 1,000 pounds of milk.—Hoard's Dairyman.

HARNESS ATTACHMENT.

A Good Way to Hold Down Horses Inclined to Rear.

Mr. Joseph H. Hannan, of Bartholomew county, Ind., sends to the Rural New Yorker this drawing of his device for holding down a horse that is inclined to rear and prance:

It is made complete with four snaps, one ring and one buckle, as shown in the cut. To put on the contrivance snap the ends marked B to the rings in the breeching straps, bring the ends A inside the girth, pass up through the hole in the breast strap and snap to the rings in the bits.

This hog has made the farmer a great deal of money in the years gone, and it will get make him a good deal. But swine breeding and feeding requires a good knowledge of hog nature, which comprises a vast deal more than the belief that a hog simply a hog with a tail that the men implies.—Western Rural.

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This hog has made the farmer a great deal of money in the years gone, and it will get make him a good deal. But swine breeding and feeding requires a good knowledge of hog nature, which comprises a vast deal more than the belief that a hog simply a hog with a tail that the men implies.—Western Rural.

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HOME HINTS AND HELPS.

A damp cloth dipped in salt will remove egg stains from silver or tea stains from china.

French Fried Potatoes: Peel and cut lengthwise in good-sized potatoes, let stand in cold salt water two hours, and fry in hot lard as you do doughnuts.—Housekeeper.

Ice-cream of cold water: Is added to a well-beaten egg, and enough of the mixture used to moisten the ground coffee before it is made, it will be quite a saving of eggs over the old method.

Corn Cake: One-quarter cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of flour, two-thirds of a cupful of Indian meal, one-half teaspoonful of baking powder, a little salt and melted butter. Mix with milk. Bake in sheet.—Good Housekeeping.

To Boil Broad Beans: Shell one peck of beans, put them into a saucepan of boiling water and salt, boil them quickly for fifteen minutes or longer, according to their age; when done drain them in a colander of fine sieve, wash with parsley and butter sauce.—Boston Herald.

To take coal-oil out of a carpet: saturate with benzine and then rub dry with a cloth. If the stain is old, the application does not take it out go through the same process until it is out. As benzine is very explosive be careful and not have a light in the room nor a hot stove.

Coffee: Tie four tablespoonfuls of coffee in a piece of coarse cheesecloth. Put it in a coffee-pot with one pint of cold water. After it has boiled five minutes add pint of scalding water, and keep it hot ten minutes. Keep the spout closed with a cork or paper, if there be no tin cover.—Boston Budget.

Aurora Sauce: Make a pint of white sauce with a cup of hot lobster stock, one cupful of cream, two tablespoonfuls of butter, two tablespoonful of flour, one-half teaspoonful of salt, and one-half salt-spoonful of cayenne. Color with lobster stock, added to a paste with an equal quantity of butter and rubbed through a sieve.—N. Y. Observer.

Conserve of Roses: Take fresh rose-petals, dip them in rose-water; wash, and boil the juice with an equal quantity of crystallized sugar; color the syrup with a few drops of cochineal; and, just before taking it from the fire, drop into it, one by one, large fresh rose-petals. When the sirup has all been used in this way, stir in two tablespoonfuls of dried petals and put in jars.—Ladies' Home Journal.

When it is necessary to do up a home large cretonne draperies, such as curtains and covers, they may be washed thus: Cut up some soap in small pieces into a basin and fill up with boiling water. Leave this until it is in a jelly. When ready to wash the cretonne, dip the stuff in the water, plenty of boiling water and let it become lukewarm. Then wash the article thoroughly. When the dirt is out, rinse the cretonne in a tub of clean water with a little hot water and soap. If very much soiled it may be necessary to pass through two tubs of soap and water. Roll the cretonne in an old blanket and squeeze out the water; pull the stuff in shape and hang it up to dry.—N. Y. World.

PILLOW COVERS.

Pretty Floral Designs in Antique Embroidery.

While many sofa pillows are still covered with flowered China silk, outlined in gold or silver if a more elaborate effect is desired, the pillow of the latest fashion is covered with a very pretty one, seen on a Turkish couch, represented a great purple panny. The pillow itself was made in the shape of the flower. The petals of purple shade in the center, and the center of the shading was done in embroidery silk. Large yellow buttercups and any flower that is simple in its structure may be used in this way. One almost feels as if in a flower garden when four or five of these pillows are clustered in a room. The black satin pillow in the shape of a huge heart with golden arrows and tiny gold hearts let into the design is a very novel idea. The black satin pillow in the shape of a huge heart with golden arrows and tiny gold hearts let into the design is a very novel idea.

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—The wife of one of our missionaries found a cool-stone in the house of an Indian, but the native housekeeper was still cooking over the open fire outside the door. When asked why she did not use the stove, she replied that she "can't make it go, and it filled the room with smoke." Further inquiry showed that she built the fire in the oven instead of on the grate.—American Missionary.

June, July and August.

The most charming Summer Resorts, of which there are over three hundred locations, are to be found in Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, South Dakota and the Peninsula of Michigan, among the lakes of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Nearly all are located near lakes which have and are fished out.

These resorts are easily reached by railway, and range in variety from the "full dress for dinner" to the "bannel-shirt costume for every meal."

SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER.—The finest shooting grounds in the Northwest are on and tributary to the lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. The crop of Prairie Chickens will be exceptionally good this year; also Ducks and Geese. In Northern Wisconsin and the Peninsula of Michigan splendid deer shooting is to be had.

Full information furnished free. Address GEO. H. HEARFORD, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

"Now," said the carpenter to his wife, "I'm off to work, as I get on as I get on my clawhammer, brush my nails and clean up a bit."

Hating Presses for Hay, Straw, Etc.
No investment will pay farmers better than the purchase of a good Hating Press. A poor one will be money thrown away. The Hating Press Co. manufactures a full line of presses that have no equal, and are warranted superior in every respect to any other presses of the kind. Send for Circulars and other Farm Machinery. Send for free illustrated catalogue, circulars and prices of machine wanted.

Don't rely too much on the man who pools at suppers; he often carries a sham-pool.—Binghamton Republican.

HALF-CROWN eruptions will return. Erupts come with Glen's Sulphur Spa. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

It is peculiar that the faster a man is the sooner age will overtake him.—N. Y. Herald.

ANY one can take Carter's Little Liver Pills, they are so very small. No trouble to swallow. No pain or griping after taking.

The old woman who "lived in a shoe" evidently had neighbors who kept hens.—Facts.

No Opium in Pin's Cure for Consumption. Cures where other remedies fail. 25c.

"You're just the man I'm laying for," said the brickmaker to the contractor.

MANY keys that do not lock.—On a piano.

DO BUSINESS up to date—Telephone operators.—Mail and Express.

HAVE an eye to business—Opticists and opticians.

PATIENT waiters—Callers in the physician's ante room.—Lovelace Courier.

It is a wise old saw that knows its own broken teeth.—N. O. Picayune.

When young people get into court—in town.

DOWN on all correspondence.—The paper weight.

"TURNED about by every wind"—The weather vane.

This light was a draw when it drew a circus full of people.—N. O. Picayune.

You can't fool with a live electric wire. It is always in dead earnest.—Lovelace Courier.

MAKES music after it has been "stopped"—The organ.

DIFFERENCES of opinion occur among men who have more than one idea.—N. O. Picayune.

OBSERVE the costume if you want to grow slim—Gazette.

NO MAN should carry a half opened umbrella in a crowd. He should either put it or shut up.

CONTINUALLY running aground—The steam plow.

FUGITIVES from justice are posted in the big market.—Lovelace Courier.

When a man goes down the general verdict is that he has gone up.—Dallas News.

It is the fashion now for friends to send snags to a young lady when it is announced that she is engaged. It seems as if spoons could be more appropriate.—Savannah Journal.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned grating pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

See soda water clerk who cannot draw yours without drawing your wife's attention is no expert.—Union County (N. J.) Standard.

Syrup of Figs



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and result when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

CURED OF SICK HEADACHE,

W. D. Edwards, of Palm Springs, Cal., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from headache for many years, and have tried many medicines, but

Tutt's Pills

is the only one that gave me relief. I find that one pill acts better than three of any other. It does not weaken or gripe." Elegantly sugar coated. Dose: One or two pills.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

IMPROVED MONTANA STOCK RANCH

TIMOTHY LAWN STOCK RANCH, located on branch line of Northern Pacific Railway, within 15 miles of Fort Union, N. M., has for sale a large number of head of cattle and horses, and also a large number of head of grain, 30 tons of hay and vegetables in abundance. Also a large number of head of cattle and horses, and also a large number of head of grain, 30 tons of hay and vegetables in abundance. Also a large number of head of cattle and horses, and also a large number of head of grain, 30 tons of hay and vegetables in abundance.

OPUM AND WHISKY HABITS CURED. CURE TO STAY CURED. HAY FEVER AND ASTHMA. GOLDEN MEMORIES. A. N. K. E. 1350.

When writing to ADVERTIS

HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

SPENCER COOPER, Editor.



HAZEL GREEN, KY.:
FRIDAY, Aug. 7, 1891.

MAJORITY 25,000.

The very latest returns from over the State show a majority of between 25,000 or 30,000 and the majority for the Constitution will be as big as the State of Texas, only three counties going against it, viz: Boone, 1,500; Estill, 400; Lincoln, 253. The People's Party elects twelve or thirteen Representatives, but will poll only about 10,000 votes for the State ticket. The Senate will stand: Democrats, 27; Republicans, 10; People's Party, 1. The House stands: Democrats, 69; Republicans, 17; People's Party, 12; Independent Democrat, 1, and one Elect in doubt.

The People's Party was not in it; several counties not giving a vote for it. Judge Swango is our next Register of the Land Office.

Hargis and Arnett are both elected.

P. T. Barnum used to say, "People like to be humbugged," and the correctness of his axiom is every day more and more convincing.

Future historians will mention Judge Jim Jewell, of Lexington, as one of the statesmen of Kentucky. It was he who said, "Politics is hell."

We will next week publish an article from the Baltimore Sun, which will show the farmer the main cause of hardships that now hamper him, and at the same time point out a remedy for the evils which exist.

What is to be the remedy for diseases diagnosed as existing in the dominant parties? The imported Kansas physicians failed to prescribe on their recent visit, and the masses are at a loss what medicine to take.

THE HERALD was the first newspaper to befriend the Alliance in this part of the State, and has always been friendly to the organization, but it draws the line at the Third party. So did President Gardner, and we can't see how his motives could be impugned.

There is some consolation to Alliance members who were not drawn into the Third party, in the fact that President Gardner, of the State Alliance, and President Ringo, of this Congressional District, didn't take any Third party "In their'n." They are good Alliance men.

Charley Moore, of the Blue Grass Blade, says he left the church because he could not believe that the whale gulped down Jonah. Maybe, now that Hikiaski was only recently swallowed by a whale, Charley will believe. If so, "he can come back to our loving embrace."

Now that the election is over, we should all settle down to the every-day affairs of life and pull together for the good of the country. Whether of the Third party, Democratic or Republican, our interests are in common and no man should be censured for the way he voted. This is a free country.

Mr. Snyder, who spoke here Saturday, said he "had never sought, and was not now seeking office." Mr. White, editor of the Paintsville Paragraph, says "Snyder was a candidate for Congress in Southwestern Kansas three years ago," and Mr. White ought to know, as he was on the ground at the time.

Referring to the speech of Mr. Snyder at Paintsville recently, the Paragraph says: "His speech was very inappropriate for this country, as the interests of the Kansas farmer are in direct conflict with the interests of the farmer of this section. The most of the farmers here buy all of their flour, and have no desire to mortgage their farms, and it is the height of folly for the farmers here to assist them in their two main objects—to advance the price of wheat and to have the government issue them money upon their farms and products—which is really only to aid in carrying out their first object. If you have not looked upon it before in this light it is high time that you investigate this matter and indulge in a little serious reflection before you lend your assistance to that party."

SWALLOWED BY A WHALE.

Jonah's Experience of a Japanese Sailor Graphically Narrated.

A Tacoma (Wash.) special says: "The bark Guy C. Goss, with a cargo of \$500,000 worth of tea, dropped anchor here forty-four days from Yokohama, long overdue. When fifteen days out, Tom Hikiaski, a Japanese sailor, mounted to a top-sail to reef it during a gale. A lurch of the vessel threw him headlong into the sea, and he was seen suddenly to disappear. The life-boat was put out, but no trace of the missing sailor was found. When returning to the vessel, a whale rose to the surface. The crew then suspected what had become of Hikiaski. The whale seemed to be in great distress. Suddenly, after a violent convulsion, Hikiaski was thrown from the whale's mouth onto the crest of a wave and upon the deck of the Goss. He was unconscious and badly injured. Careful nursing brought him around, and he is now in his normal health. Capt. Mallette vouches for the truth of this story, and the sailor was pointed out."

Beware of Quackeries for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made at Toledo, O., by F. J. Cheney & Co. Sold by druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Many Persons

Are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria, fevers, the genitival.

Democratic Primary Elections.

Pursuant to an order of the Democratic County Committee of Wolfe county, there will be a primary election held in each voting precinct in Wolfe county on Saturday, September 5, 1891, between the hours of 7 o'clock a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m., to nominate a candidate for the office of Circuit and Common Pleas Court Clerk and Sheriff of Wolfe county, to be voted for at the regular election in the year 1892. At said election all Democrats will be entitled to vote. For the purpose of paying the expenses of said primary election, the candidates for said offices will each pay to the chairman of the County committee \$5 on or before August 31, 1891, at which time the poll books will be made up and sent to the various precincts, and the name will be put on said poll books after that date, nor at that except he has paid the \$5 aforesaid; and in the event said amount of \$5 from each candidate does not pay the expenses of said primary election, the candidates receiving the majority of votes for said offices of Clerk and Sheriff shall pay the remainder of said expenses pro rata. The board of election, etc., will be published in due time.

By order of committee,
J. W. L. LYNCH,
Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

To Teachers, School Officers and Patrons of the Public Schools of Wolfe county: Notice is hereby given that the Wolfe County Teachers Institute will be held at Campton, Ky., Aug. 24-28, 1891. All are respectfully invited to attend.

Most respectfully,
H. N. HORTON,
County Superintendent.

Take Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to G. B. Swango must make settlement at once. His accounts have been placed in my hands for collection, and when I call upon those owing him I shall expect them to settle. If they do not I will warrant them and they can then pay debt and costs. I will take any kind of stock, at good prices. Respectfully but earnestly yours,
CHARLEY SWANGO.

Ayer's Ague Cure is a vegetable product, and is a never failing remedy for all malarial diseases. Warranted.

The Parent of Insomnia.

The parent of insomnia or wakefulness is in nine cases out of ten a dyspeptic stomach. Good digestion gives good sleep, indigestion interferes with it. The brain and stomach sympathize. One of the prominent symptoms of a weak state of the gastric organs is a disturbance of the great nerve entrap, the brain. Investigate the stomach, and you restore equilibrium to the great centre. A most reliable medicine for the purpose is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is far preferable to general sedatives and powerful narcotics which, though they may for a time exert a soporific influence upon the brain, soon cease to act, and invariably injure the tone of the stomach. The Bitters, on the contrary, restore activity to the operations of this important organ, and their beneficent influence is reflected in sound sleep and a tranquil state of the nervous system. Aches and pains of the limbs are given to the action of the liver and bowels by its use.

W. J. SEITZ,
WITH
Thos. Henderson & Son,
WHOLESALE
HARDWARE
ASHLAND, KY.



Citizens National Bank

WINCHESTER, KENTUCKY.

PAID UP CAPITAL,
\$175,000.00.

WASH MILLER,
PRESIDENT.

S. W. WILLIS,
VICE-PRESIDENT.

A. H. HAMPTON,
CASHIER.

J. W. POYNTER,
ASST. CASHIER.

Has ample facilities for doing a general banking business. Solicits deposits, makes collections, gives prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to it, and extends to its customers the most liberal accommodations consistent with correct banking business.

DR. J. F. LOCKHART,
DENTIST,
EZZEL, KY.

DR. J. A. TAULBEE,
Physician and Surgeon,
Hazel Green, Wolfe County,
KENTUCKY.

OREAR & BIGSTAFF,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
MT. STERLING, KY.
Practice in the courts of Montgomery and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals and Federal Courts.

DAY HOUSE,
HAZEL GREEN, KY.
Mrs. LOU DAY, Proprietress.
This house has been recently refitted and returned, and the table is at all times supplied with the best in the market. Rates reasonable. Sample room attached and special rates to commercial men. Patronage is respectfully solicited.

JAMES P. FANT,
WITH THE "OLD RELIABLE"
Nat House of W. S. Dickinson & Co.,
Cor. Pearl & Vine, CINCINNATI.
Invites all of his mountain friends, and especially the merchants, to give him a call when in the city.

R. S. STRADER & SON,
(Successors to J. A. LAIL & Co.)
74 E. MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, KY.
Wholesale Dealers in

Straight Kentucky Whiskies,
Wines, Brandies, &c.
FINE OLD WHISKY A SPECIALTY.
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
Agents for "Old Pugh, Old Pepper, Old Tarr and Old Taylor."

J. R. Sharp, Bruce Trimble, T. G. Denton,
SHARP, TRIMBLE & DENTON,
MT. STERLING, KY.

Have now a complete line of Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Gents' Furnishing Goods. We solicit an inspection of our goods, and guarantee prices satisfactory and articles as recommended.

I. DINGFELDER,
WITH
J. M. ROBINSON & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
Nos. 537, 539 and 541—
West Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

NEW STORE. NEW GOODS.

Rose & Swango
Are now receiving a Fresh and Choice Stock of
Seasonable Goods,
To which they invite the attention of the citizens of Hazel Green and vicinity, consisting of

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, &c.
Also, FARM IMPLEMENTS AND SEEDS OF ALL KINDS.
Men's All-Wool Suits Only \$7.50,
and the clothing department is chock full of bargains.
EVERYTHING GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED, OR MONEY REFUNDED.

PATTON BROS.,
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING DRUGGISTS
CATLETTSBURG, KY.

The Largest Drug House in the Ohio Valley.
Manufacturers of 228 REMEDIES that are Sold by the Dozen.
16,000 Square Feet of Floor Room. 28 Hands Employed.

Sole proprietors of the famous
NERVE KIDNEY
CORDIAL.
The only remedy that is sold on an absolute guarantee to cure all Pains and Aches, Cramps and Colic, Diarrhea, Dysentery, etc. Used internally and externally. The best Liniment in the world.
PRICE 25 CENTS.

Sole proprietors of the renowned
HINDOO KIDNEY CORDIAL.
For the permanent cure of Pains in the Back, and all disorders of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs. Thousands of certificates of those who have used this remedy, will be sent on application.
PRICE \$1.00.

J. M. KELLY, President. WM. BRIGHT, Secretary and Treasurer.

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CALL ON THE
Lexington Foundry Co.
Office 99 EAST MAIN STREET.

Shop K. U. RAILROAD, near 7th St.
They are operating THE LARGEST FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP IN THE STATE east of Louisville.

All kinds of BOILER AND ENGINE REPAIRING SKILLFULLY DONE, AT THE LOWEST LIVING PRICES. J. M. KELLY, President.

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THOROUGH INSTRUCTION IN BOOK-KEEPING, SHORT-HAND, TYPE-WRITING, PENMANSHIP, TELEGRAPHY, ETC., AT THE BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, SOUTH-WEST CORNER THIRD AND JEFFERSON STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY. CATALOGUE FREE.

KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, KY., has 3 Colleges—College of Liberal Arts, Bible and Commercial College, The College of Liberal Arts has 3 courses: "Classical, Scientific and Civil Engineering. Large teaching corps. Student fees, TWELVE DOLLARS for the session of nine months. Boarding at reasonable rates. Both sexes received as students. Session begins on second Monday of September. For catalogue, etc., apply to CHAS. LOUIS LOO, President of University; College of the Bible, President E. GRAHAM, Lexington, Ky. jv31,0w.

CENTRE COLLEGE, Oldest College in the Southwest. More than 1,000 alumni. Elective. Full Faculty. Two elegant buildings, fully erected. Complete gymnasium. Location beautiful. No saloons. Next session begins Sept. 15. For catalogue or further information address
W. C. YOUNG, D. D., Danville, Ky.

HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

Has a larger circulation in Wolfe, Morgan and Breathitt than all other papers in the State, and merchants in Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Lexington, Louisville and Cincinnati will find it the best medium through which to secure permanent trade.

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Literary rates on larger advertisements made known on application.

Obituaries, tributes of respect, etc., 3c a line. Count six words to the line and send money with the manuscript. We will write obituaries and publish at 5 cents a line.

Local notices to be inserted among reading matter, 10 cents a line, with a discount of 25 per cent. where they run a month or more.

Marriage and death notices, not exceeding ten lines, solicited and published FREE.

PAID BY THE ADVERTISER.
Address SPENCER COOPER,
Hazel Green, Ky.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE W. DIAKE as a candidate for Sheriff of Wolfe County, subject to action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce WEEDEN CONGLETON as a candidate for Sheriff of Wolfe county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. A. BYRD, of Torrence, as a candidate for Sheriff of Wolfe county, at the August election, 1902, subject to the voters of the county. Mr. Byrd says he is a Democrat, and expects to remain one; he does not believe in fraudulent means of securing county office, and if honored to the position of Sheriff will perform the duties regardless of person or party.

We are authorized to announce JONAS P. VANSANT, of Campton, as a candidate for Circuit Court Clerk of Wolfe county, subject to action of the Democratic party. Had 8 years experience as Deputy Clerk. Your support and influence respectfully solicited.

Dr. "Shack" Waldeck, of West Liberty, dined at the Day House Tuesday.

For curative effects, one bottle Ayer's Sarsaparilla is worth three of any other name.

Mrs. Ellen Pieratt has the thanks of the editor and his better-half for potatoes of the nicest beans, beets, and tomatoes we have received this year.

Mrs. Belle Godsey has the thanks of ye editor and his better-half for some of the nicest Irish potatoes we have ever seen. They are of the red neshannock variety.

J. H. Bennett, representing Yankee, Seip & Co., of Chillicothe, O., writes us that he expects to visit this section soon, and requests that orders for hats, etc., be held for him.

Mort and Asa Pieratt and their wives were here Sunday to see Mrs. Judge Swango, who was at that time very ill, but, as will be seen elsewhere, is now very much better.

Mrs. Emily Lacy, of this place, accompanied by Master Courtney McGuire, left Tuesday for a visit to her sister, Mrs. Eveline McGuire, and other relatives at St. Helens.

Uncle Billy Cox 83 came up to vote Monday, and brought along for the editor a dozen of the finest red plums we ever saw. Uncle Billy seldom gets to town, but when he does come he brings us a token of his esteem.

Mrs. Judge Swango has been quite ill for ten days or two weeks past, but thanks to an overruling Providence, Dr. Taulbee's skill and careful nursing, she is now much improved and will soon be restored to her family and friends.

News reached here Monday that Miss Annie Parsons, a sister of Mrs. Green Butler, of this place, died at Mt. Sterling Friday, at the age of about 27 years. She had been sick quite a while but died very suddenly during the absence of the family. Mrs. Butler has the sympathy of a host of friends here.

Breck Harper, writing us from Georgetown, Tex., July 24, says: "Please allow me to speak a few words in THE HERALD. It is the best paper in the world. I am in Texas and will never see Kentucky any more. Texas is a fine place and crops are good; cotton is fine."

Porter Lacy, of Lacy creek, who is usually posted about all the marriages that take place, informs us that Polk Bullock and Miss Alabama Cundiff, both of Breathitt county, were married at the residence of the bride's father, Theodore Cundiff, on Sunday last. He did not know who performed the ceremony.

Willie Kash, of Clay City, and Robt. Percy Kash, of the Louisville Masonic Home, have been visiting their mother, Mrs. Nannie Kash, for several days past, and the school record of her son, Robert Percy, is enough to make her a mighty proud mother. Here it is, and it should put the little fellow on to even greater things. He received ten beautiful cards during the ten months, one being awarded him at the end of each month for first honors in his studies and good conduct.

He also received the prize in the fifth grade at the close of the school for good conduct, a handsome flexible Bible, presented by his teacher, Miss Myrtle Watson. His mother is justly proud of her boy, and every Master Mason in the State will watch with fatherly interest the future career of little Robert Percy Kash, in the hope of some day seeing him one of Kentucky's brightest men.

On Thursday of last week B. M. Combs, of Breathitt, and Miss Malissa Hollon, of the Holly neighborhood in this county, were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's mother, Rev. J. Dickey, of Jackson, officiating.

The attendants were Sherman Cope and Miss America Wilson, and Miss Hampton and Miss Dulcinea Hunt. Porter Lacy, of Lacy creek, attended the wedding, and he says he never before saw such a crowd on a similar occasion in the mountains. He says the wedding feast was a spread fit for the gods of creation and mankind generally. The groom is an enterprising young business man of Breathitt, and the bride one of Wolfe county's fairest flowers. THE HERALD sends congratulations, and wishes the couple an endless life of joy.

We acknowledge the receipt of a very handsome photograph of the clothing house of Louis & Gus Straus, Lexington, leading clothiers of Kentucky, and it is one of the most perfect we ever saw. Lou and Gus, the former standing in one of the front doors and the latter just to the left in front of the store, each look as natural as life, and the view gives a good idea of the immense establishment.

Will Darnaby and Gribbin, salesman and book-keeper, respectively, are plainly recognizable in another front door, but Tom Cassell, Lucien Bowyer and Charles Quinsberry are not seen. Guess they're in the house waiting on a lot of customers, as usual. When you go down to Lexington call and see Louis & Gus Straus, and tell 'em we sent you.

The Citizens' National Bank, Winchester, is again advertised in our paper to-day. The original contract was for six months, but Mr. Hampton, the wide-awake cashier, realizing that THE HERALD had done great service in extending the volume of business of his bank, wrote us to continue the ad. for another six months. It will pay those interested in banking affairs to write Mr. Hampton, or better still, call and see him when they go to Winchester.

The camping at Bethel closed on the 29th of July with very good results. Rev. F. Agar and wife were assisted by Revs. J. Tutt, W. Manker of Maytown, Dr. Stamper of Campton, M. Center and F. Creech of Laurel, and others. Good order prevailed and the friends at Bethel showed their esteem for the evangelists by sending them a load of provisions; vegetables, etc., which was thankfully received.

See adv. of Central University, Richmond, Ky., in this issue of our paper, and write Chancellor L. H. Blanton for particulars. This is one of the best schools in the State, and parents wishing to place their children in a good school will do well to investigate.

The Magdon county camping meeting will commence Friday, August 28th, 1891, and continue over two Sundays. The meeting will be in charge of Bro. Sneed, of Paintsville, and Bro. Dover, of Catlettsburg, and the preachers who attend will be cared for.

Mrs. Louisa Wilson, who has been confined to her room for several days with something like flux, is now much better.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

George Drake, candidate for Sheriff, was here Wednesday mixing with the yoo e, and he said he was meeting with every encouragement. He has come home to stay, there being now no trouble on the K. U., and will make a hot canvass from now on.

See adv. of Prof. Greenberg in this issue of our paper. He is located at the Day House, and those who wish to have eyes treated should call and see him.

Miss Lillie Stephens, who is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Louisa Wilson, has again placed us under obligation for a nice present of tomatoes.

FOR SCROFULA

scrofulous humor
in the blood,
ulcers, catarrh, and
consumption,
use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The most
economical,
safe, speedy, and
effective of all
blood-purifiers.

Has Cured Others
will cure you.

Preserve Your Eyes.

Prof. H. GREENBERG,
THE AUSTRIAN OPTICIAN,

Now of Louisville, Ky., devoted his early life, when yet in Vienna, to the careful examination of the eye and to the grinding of glasses with which to correct every error of the refraction and accommodation of the eye, such as defects of sight, which are HYPERMETROPIA, or FAR SIGHT; MYOPIA, or NEAR SIGHT; ASTIGMATISM, or MIXED SIGHT; and DIPLOPIA, or DOUBLE SIGHT.

Prof. Greenberg will remain in Hazel Green for a short time only, and those needing his services should call on him at the Day House. Eyes tested free of charge by the finest instrument in the world. He will also visit Campton.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The affiant, Noah Wyatt, states that he has taken up, on his farm in Wolfe county, about 2 1/2 miles southwest of Campton, Ky., 3 hogs, about 12 months old, of black and white spotted color, marked with smooth crop off each ear, and two splits in left ear and one split in right ear. I have had same appraised by J. S. Cable, of Wolfe county, Kentucky, who assessed the value of said hogs at \$5 each.

Given under my hand, this July 27, 1891.
W. B. DUFF, J. P. W. C.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, [Seal]
County of Wolfe.

I, J. B. Hollon, Clerk of the Wolfe County Court, do certify that the foregoing stray notice was this day lodged in my office for record, and that I have duly recorded the same in my said office.

Given under my hand, this July 30, 1891.
J. B. HOLLON, C. W. C.

STATE COLLEGE
OF KENTUCKY.

26 PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS.
Agricultural, Scientific, Engineering,
Classical, Normal School, Academic,
Commercial and Military Courses of
Study.

COUNTY APPOINTMENT RECEIVED
FREE OF TUTION.

Full term begins September 9th, 1891.
Board in dormitory \$2 per week; in private families \$3.50 to \$4. For Catalogue address

JAS. K. PATTERSON, Ph.D.,
LEXINGTON, KY.

TRIMBLE BROS.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS.

MT. STERLING, KY.

Consignments of produce and the patronage of Mountain Merchants respectfully solicited.

Central University,

RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

THREE COLLEGES-14 DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY.

CLASSICAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND LETTERS COURSES, leading to Bachelor (B. A., B. S., and B. L.) and Master (M. A., M. S., and M. L.) Degrees. Also Commercial and Elective Courses.

A FULL FACULTY of able and experienced men, each a specialist in his department. RICHMOND, the geographical center of the State, in the heart of the bluegrass region; 1,000 feet above the sea; free from malaria; a few hours by rail from Louisville, Cincinnati, Knoxville and Chattanooga. Redefined and hospitable community, and students find homes in the best families and Memorial Hall.

ATTENDANCE last session, 401, from 29 States, Territories and countries.

NEW GYMNASIUM—More than \$100,000 added to the endowment last year.

EXPENSES MODERATE—\$175 to \$240 for tuition, board, washing, and servant attention. NEXT SESSION opens Wednesday, Sept. 9, 1891.

For Catalogue, apply to L. H. BLANTON, D. D., Chancellor.

JAMES KENNEDY. JAMES B. TIPTON.

Kennedy & Tipton,
—DEALERS IN—
Pure Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, AND BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
MT. STERLING, KY.

The prescriptions and orders of Doctors especially solicited, and given special care and attention in compounding.
None but pure medicines and drugs used.

+ JACKSON +
COLLEGIATE + INSTITUTE
(Of Central University)
JACKSON, KENTUCKY.

Situation beautiful and healthful, large two-story brick building, a faculty of competent and experienced teachers. Primary and intermediate departments (all common branches.) Academic and collegiate departments (Higher English, Natural and Mental Sciences, Latin, Greek, German, Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, etc.) Full Normal Course arranged especially for the thorough training of teachers. Business Course giving practical instruction in business forms and calculations, Commercial law, penmanship, type-writing, etc. Musical department, organ and piano. Both sexes admitted, morals of students carefully guarded, courses of study complete and thorough. Session of 1891-2 opens Tuesday, Sept. 1st.

For circular giving full information, address Prof. M. C. MARION, Sec'y, Jackson, Ky.

L. H. BLANTON, D. D., Chancellor.

WOOD & DAY, [Seal]
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office over Exchange Bank,
Mayville St., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Practice in Montgomery, Powell, Menifee, Wolfe, Breathitt, Rowan, Magoffin and Morgan counties, and Superior Court and Court of Appeals.

J. H. BENNETT,
YANKIE SEIP & CO.,
JOBBER OF
Hats; Caps; Gloves; Straw; Goods
AND UMBRELLAS.
28 N. PAINT ST., CHILLICOTHE, O.

HAZEL GREEN
FAIR
ASSOCIATION

Tuesday, Sept. 29,
Wednesday, Sept. 30,
Thursday, Oct. 1,
Friday, Oct. 2.

Wm. Mitchell, President.
Chas. M. Grubbs, Cashier.

Capital \$250,000.
Surplus \$40,000.

WM. MITCHELL, President.
CHAS. M. GRUBBS, Cashier.

The largest capital and surplus, and individual deposits than any bank in this section of the State.

Exchange Bank of Kentucky,
MT. STERLING, KY.

CAPITAL \$100,000.00.

We have more Hazel Green business than any other bank, and want to increase it. Send us your account and we will treat you well.

B. J. PETERS, PRESIDENT.
JOHN G. WINN, CASHIER.

TRADERS DEPOSIT BANK,
MT. STERLING, KY.

CAPITAL, \$200,000. [Seal] SURPLUS, \$30,000.

J. M. BIGSTAFF, President.
G. L. KIRKPATRICK, Vice President.
W. W. THOMPSON, Cashier.

We respectfully solicit the business of merchants, farmers, traders and business men generally throughout Eastern Kentucky. A general banking business done. Give us a chance to send you a bank book, pay your checks, and loan you money when in need.

W. W. THOMPSON, Cash.

MT. Sterling National Bank,
MT. STERLING, KY.

Capital \$100,000
Surplus \$16,550.

LEWIS APPERSON, PRESIDENT.
H. R. FRENCH, CASHIER.

Mountain business is respectfully solicited with assurance that we will treat every customer fairly.

H. B. MAUPIN,
WITH
D. H. CARPENTER,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,
66, 67
CATLETTSBURG, KY.

For Booth privileges,
address J. M. ROSE,
President.

Hazel Green Herald.

SPENCER COOPER, Publisher.

HAZEL GREEN, : : : KY.

A MAGICAL WORLD.

If a merchant has goods, but customers none,
And runs stores in the face;
If his credit is zero, his creditors run
From morning till night to his place.
Is anything helpful to brace up this man?
If he only the remedy tries,
Can anyone tell of a trade-bringing plan?

CHORUS:
"Why, tell him to advertise!"

If a new preparation to cure all the ills
Of suffering 'tween people on pills,
No matter if taken in liquid or pills,
Is some Yankin' drug store finds birth,
What should the man do, and do big and bold?
What is it that captures the prize?
What gathers the shoedies from young and old?

CHORUS:
"Why, bless you, to advertise!"

If a man takes an acre or two of a farm
That's worthless and only played on,
And cuts it up nearly in nine city lots,
And an auctioneer hires-to about,
Then if he plants some short wooden stakes
To show where each full-sized lot lies,
What is it the done-and the money he takes?

CHORUS:
"You bet he will advertise!"

And so the world over, this magical word,
The coffers of wealth opens wide;
Its power extends where language is heard,
For ages its usefulness tried,
A man who once uses it, if with good sense,
No other plan will ever find.

But, stick to it close, gathers dollars and
Dimes,
READER:
"Why don't you advertise?"

E. D. Gilles, in Printer's Ink.

MY ROMANCE.

Who the Ghost at the Old Home Really Was.

Into every life comes a great sorrow,
Sooner or later; and when I was
twenty-two my parents died, almost
at the same time.

In the first agony of my grief I closed
my ancestral home, just as I was
dismissing the old servants and intrusting
the keys to a valued friend of my late
father. My bereavement gave me a
gloomy turn of mind, and study was
my only solace. Through all my col-
lege days and preparation for the law,
I made few friends and never visited
the dear old home, hallowed by so
many tender recollections.

Five years at the bar, without any
homes ties or outside pleasures, began
to prey upon my health; and in the
summer of 1894, my physician per-
emptorily ordered me to rest.

My nerves were worn with the ten-
sion of pleading the case of Bond, in
the great case of Bond and Aristocrat,
which so stirred the most aristocratic
circles of Boston in that year.

Most of my classmates were married,
but, as yet, I had never seen a woman
I cared to spend an hour with since my
fair mother died.

I proudly said that love was a myth,
beyond the ties of blood; and not a par-
ticle of romance was in my mental
composition.

Realizing that my physician's advice
was such as I ought to follow, my
thoughts turned to the long-deserted
house in Fairleigh, but two days' jour-
ney from Boston.

I arrived at dusk on a warm summer
evening, and, taking my gipsack in
hand, sought my old friend for the key
of the ancient home.

He greeted me with delight, and
urged me to remain with his family.
Years had silvered his hair, but had not
cooled his regard for my father's only
child.

"I don't like it at all, Frank," he
said, as I took my departure. "You will
have the hypo's in that house. It
hasn't been aired, is damp; really, you
must not go."

His earnestness was so impressive
that I asked:

"Why? You must have some more
potent reason, Mr. Lee."

With evident embarrassment, he an-
swered:

"I hear, unpleasant as it may be to
you, the house is said to be haunted;
lights are often seen, gleaming from
the windows, and—"

"Nonsense! I don't believe in ghosts.
There is plenty of fuel in the shed—and
was—I have matches. Heat will con-
quer the dampness, and a revolver will
dispel all the ghosts I believe in. Come
over in the morning and you will find
me all right."

I stood at the gate and looked up
at the great, rambling structure. All was
dark and still, not even a breath of
wind stirred the leaves of the large
honey-suckle that hid its own
sweet will over one wing. The air was
heavy with its rich perfume.

A rose tree, growing tall and branching,
was in blossom, their
pale white gleaming in the darkness.

The borders of the once well-kept
beds were rank and tall, and a hardy
hibiscus had nearly obstructed the path-
way. At least, no unaided hand had dis-
turbed my mother's flowers.

The key turned rustily in the lock
and the door creaked on its hinges. I
stood for a moment like a guilty crea-
ture ere I entered, and almost doubted
the propriety of spending a night in a
dwelling that had not been occupied for
nine years.

The air was close but not as damp
and musty as I anticipated, and light-
ing a small lantern, with which I had
provided myself, I went in.

I scanned the hanging-lamp in the
hall, but found it destitute of oil, as I
expected.

One in the parlor was full and, to my
surprise, with no oil seemed candied.
Its light illumined the room and lent
a homelike glow to its appointments.
I sought the library and soon had a
glowing fire in the grate. Little
shivers ran down my back and I began
to feel uneasy 'tween while I resolute-
ly shook off.

I busied myself about some bedding
by the fire and improvising me a couch
on the lounge. Although a sultry sum-
mer's night, the fire was not uncom-
fortable.

Reclining in the very easy chair
where I used to nestle as a child, with
my feet on the tarnished brass fender
and a cigar between my lips I tried to
feel at home.

The books looked down at me from
the shelves and old memories kept me
company.

What a neighborhood this must be,
not a thing had been disturbed in all
these years; indeed burglars were un-
known in Fairleigh.

A slight noise in the room above
aroused me, and I took my lantern and
explored the chamber.

"Rats," I said, as I was about to de-
scend, when I again heard it: this time
I knew it was in the attic. I could hear
footsteps, distinctly.

Secretly myself beneath the stairs I
turned my lantern down and waited.

I am no coward, but it was no pleas-
ant sensation to wait for those soft foot-
falls to reach the lower stair.

The stairway was closed up in the old style
with a door.

A hand was on the latch, I grasped
my revolver. The door opened softly
and slowly, and I turned on the full
light of my lantern at the same time
pointing my pistol at—what?

"Stand off a fire!" I cried in a voice
that echoed through the long, dark hall.

A feminine shriek answered me, and
a form crouched down in the stairway.

My pulses beat tumultuously as I
held the light so close to her face as to
almost blind her.

"What are you doing here?" I de-
manded, sternly.

"No harm, sir," returned a musical
voice. The door opened softly and
a slight girl of some eighteen years with
great startled eyes as soft and velvety
as a fawn's, looking out from a deli-
cate, wild-rose face framed in masses
of golden hair, stood before me.

"Explain yourself," I said, pointing
at the traveling-bag she carried. "Are
there any others?"

"No," she replied, a defiant gleam in those
wonderful eyes.

"Come downstairs then and tell me
how you come to be here."

She obeyed, and was soon quietly
seated before me.

"You wonder, sir, how I came here
in your house," she questioned. I bowed
assent. "Very well, I will tell you. I
am a poor working girl, and this sum-
mer I was out of employment. The
temptations of the city are great to a
poor girl like me, and I came out here
in the country. No one would hire
my eyes, and on my hands, so soft and
white."

"I never did do housework,"
she said. "I work in a printing of-
fice. Some one told me about this
house, and I came."

"I had to stay, indeed I did, sir, and
sleep sweetly in a room in the upper
story."

"You must have been my old genius
that prompted me to stay. I thought it
could do you no harm, and me, oh! so
much good to spend a few quiet months
in this great empty house."

"I took my rest with a spirit-lamp.
I have not taken anything, truly, sir;
but I know it was very wrong. I keep
a light burning all night and people
say the house is haunted. It is—by me.
Then I only go out at dusk, and I
white. I never did do housework,"

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"Certainly, it is not proper you should
stay here alone. I shall board at a
hotel during my visit, but I would
like to keep the house open while I
stay."

"There are repairs, of course, needed;
carpets need taking up, drawers over-
hauled. I fear rats, mice and moths
have been at work."

A hostess frowned on her cheeks. I
feared I wounded her pride.

"You will do me a favor, Miss
Blaine."

"You are very kind. I will stay if an
old aunt of mine will come out to chap-
erone me," archly.

I wonder now that I did such a
quixotic thing. I must have been fas-
cinated by her beauty, and the influ-
ence of my surroundings made me self-
heated.

I breakfasted at Mr. Lee's and bore
his railway very well when I told him I
had leased the house to a middle-aged
lady and her niece for the season.

In due time Mrs. and Miss Blaine
took possession and neighbors began to
call on them. It was very pleasant to
have my first guests. I was a free-
press caller, and on one occasion sur-
prised Ellen, or Nellie, as I learned to
call her, seated at the piano.

"Do you play?" I asked in some sur-
prise.

A brilliant movement, followed by a soft
accompaniment and a bird-like
song, was her response. She enjoyed
my astonishment; music was my moth-
er's passion. I almost disliked to hear
anyone use her instrument but con-
quered the feeling and sent to the
city for a piano tuner.

It was really a fine instrument and Nellie quite a per-
former, so I spent many evenings, with
Mrs. Blaine nodding in her chair, listen-
ing to her simple songs or gay fantas-
ties.

She was mistress of the violin and
showed an almost childish joy when I
brought one, that had been mine, from
some hidden recess. I have heard many
masters handle the bow but never one
who so delicately touched and thrilling
strains from the instrument.

Mrs. Blaine's small eyes would open,
for she spent the most of her time
sleeping when Nellie struck the first
chord. There was something about the
woman that always repelled me, and
the way she looked at me from her
half-closed eyes really made me nerv-
ous. She wore a wig of that peculiar
faded reddish brown which wig-wear-
ing ladies so much affect, and her man-
ners were rather coarse.

As deeply as I was in love with her
niece, I recoiled from becoming con-
nected with her mother.

The grounds at the rear of the house
sloped down to a river, flowing broad
and free, and I soon had a gay little
boat for my use on long afternoons or
evening strolls.

One day, while I was out, a young
man, who I later learned was a friend
of mine, came to the house. He was
very handsome and well-dressed, and
he had a very pleasant manner. He
told me that he was a student at
the law, and that he was very inter-
ested in the house. He asked me if
he could stay here for a few days, and
I agreed to his request.

He stayed here for a few days, and
during that time he became very ac-
quainted with Nellie. He told me that
he was very much attracted to her, and
that he was very much interested in
her. He asked me if he could see her
again, and I agreed to his request.

He came here again, and during that
time he became very acquainted with
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Her selection was "Morte d'Arthur,"
and, as she read, every word fell clear
and pure like the soft chime of silver
bells.

A long silence fell on us as the last
words of the poem fell from her lips;
not broken until she arose and glided
across the room with her peculiar, un-
usual, Aunt, who, as usual, was asleep
in her armchair; as she bent over the
consciousness of the elder lady's dress
contrasted sharply with Nellie's sleek
robe.

She came back and sank down on a
low divan near me.

I passed my hand over her bright
head, the nearest approach to a lover's
caress that I had ever made.

"Tell me, Nellie, how is it that you
can wear such—tulle? This," feeling
the stuff, "like one of my mother used
to wear."

A passionate burst of tears was her
answer. I could not check her.

"You know it is your mother's. I
thought to show you how well such
tulle robes become me, a poor girl! I
know you despise me, you always did.
It is no use for me to try to please—you
I wish—I had never seen—you."

Shh, shh, shh!

What could I do but dry those dark
eyes with my own hands and silence
her words with kisses, she was such a
foolish child, because through petu-
lence she disclosed a strong desire to
please.

My heart's wicked, deceitful, but
desperately fond of adoration. Yet I
did not speak of my love, some unseen
power held me back.

I was so afraid of wearing my
dead mother's garments, so sacred to me.

I must have been in love or bereft of
my senses, for I was seriously consid-
ering offering my heart and hand to this
girl of whom I knew positively nothing,
when an unforeseen meeting pre-
vented this lifelong mistake.

It took me some time to find time
to make up my mind to do anything of
importance, but when I once decided I
was quick to act.

One day evening I started to go
over to see Nellie and find my fate.
Mr. Lee had just returned from A—
with the startling news that the bank
had been operated on by burglars and
they had got off safely with their
spoils.

The only store in Fairleigh was
broken into the previous night and
some money besides many articles of
value were taken.

I took my revolver in my pocket and
was calculating the property of Nellie
and her aunt's remaining in that house
alone nights any longer, fold that I
was!

I went across the fields intending to
go into the ground by a little gateway,
at the end of a path running up from
the river. This path was now hidden
by a tall, dark bush, and as I ap-
proached, I saw a woman leaning on
the gate. It was Nellie.

She saw me before I could speak.
"Jim Jim," she said, "what are you
doing here?"

"You are very busy with
emotion, the fire rose almost uncon-
sciously to my lips.

I drew near to be certain it was my
dear Nellie, and she told me her
warm arms round my neck, pressing
warm kisses on my cheek.

"I heard you cracked the crib last
night, and got away with the bootie,
I've been so worried all day for
fear the nibs would get you."

I thanked God, in that brief moment
that I resembled Slim Jim as much in
a foggy, moonless night as anyone else,
that I vaulted lightly over the gate.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

ALLIANCE NOTES.

—Don't join the alliance till you have forsaken your first love.

—No true alliance man will jump the track on account of the third party move.

—The people's party is getting lots of hot shot from the old party organs. They all declare the movement is destined to be a failure. For a thing sure to be a failure the organs are wasting much powder on it.—Milwaukee News.

—The fight is on.—The revolution is here.

NOTE THE BEARINGS.

The People Can Hope For No Relief From a Campaign in Which the Tariff is the Only Issue.

It is always proper and many times necessary for those interested in political as well as material affairs to take bearings for the purpose of ascertaining their true position in regard to important factors which may enter into their future progress. It is just as unsafe for the citizen to blindly follow one course, unmindful or careless of the changed conditions which time and intelligence have wrought, as it would be for the mariner to shape his direction and then obtain the rudder, leaving

against intelligence and a real desire to better conditions? In Kansas last fall the republican party started out on a campaign of tariff and bloody shirt. As a result, the people refused to attend their meetings, and flooded by thousands to listen to alliance and independent speakers discuss the living questions of financial and other reforms. Does any one doubt, if the democratic leaders in Mississippi had confined their speeches to the questions of free trade and the forces behind it, ignored the sub-treasury plan and other alliance demands, that the same conditions would have been repeated? Had it been done Senator George and his

Can either party stand a discussion of these questions? Or have they a record touching them that they can successfully defend? The alliance believes and demands a reduction of tariff on the necessities, and that all revenue should be reduced to the needs of government, economically administered, but it will not, neither can it be driven to consider that question only as subordinate to a number of others. No matter what politicians may do, the alliance is determined to have finance, land and transportation discussed and settled in preference to all other economic questions. This is the condition at present. It is evident that some new alignment on economic principles is imminent in the near future, or rapid and radical concessions must be made. This latter event can hardly be expected, as the success of trickery and corruption, the power of intrigue and manipulation, and the potency of money have, as yet, gone on from conquering to conquer, and have not met the disasters and defeat that all honest men hope lie in reserve. It is a situation to be seriously considered by the wisest statesman, and can be profitably studied by the humblest citizen. If any one who it will not consent to be longer ignored, and cannot be brushed aside with assumption or contempt. He who is wise or prudent will be prepared for the development of the future, and thereby avoid disappointment and confusion.—National Economist.

NEATLY PUT.

Who Labors Under the Hallucination?—Read and Decide.

Senator Peffer evidently labors under the hallucination that money is the creation of law. If the senator, who is slightly infected with free trade notions, will carefully examine a few ordinary business transactions of some of his importing friends he will get some new ideas on money.—McPherson Republican.

Many centuries ago Aristotle wrote: "Money by itself has value only by law and not by nature; so that a change of convention between those who use it is sufficient to deprive it of value and power to satisfy all our wants."

Prof. Francis A. Walker, in his work on "Money," says: "Its power of acquisition depends not on its substance, but on its quantity."

Appleton's Cyclopaedia defines money as follows: "The currency of the realm or country, the standard of payment, whether of coins, circulating notes or any other commodity. Anything which freely circulates from hand to hand, as a common, acceptable medium of exchange in any country, is in such country money, even though it cease to be such, or to possess any value, in passing into another country. In a word, an article is determined to be money by reason of its performance by it of certain functions, without regard to its form or substance."

Among the powers of congress enumerated by the constitution of the United States is this: "To coin money and regulate the value thereof."

And there is not a farthing of money of any material or denomination current in the United States today that is not coined in accordance with the terms of a law for that purpose made and provided.

Henry Cernuschi, a most distinguished French writer on finance, said before the monetary commission in 1877: "Money is a value created by law. Its basis is legal and not material. It is, perhaps, not easy to convince one that the value of metals as money is created by law. It is, however, the fact."

The supreme court of the United States in the cases of Knox vs. Lee, and Parker vs. Davis, which were consolidated, made use of the following language: "The constitution was intended to frame a government as distinguished from a league or compact, a government supreme in some particulars over states and people. It was designed to provide the same currency having a uniform legal value in all the states. It was for this reason the power to coin money and regulate its value was conferred upon the federal government, while the same power to emit bills of credit was withheld from the states. The states no longer can declare what shall be money, or regulate its value. Whatever power there is over the currency is vested in congress. If the power to declare what is money is not in congress it is annihilated."

Again in the same case, the court said: "By the obligation of a contract to pay money is to pay that which the law shall recognize as money when the payment is made. If there is an existing settled law decision it is to be, and we do not understand that to be controverted. No one ever doubted that a debt of \$100, contracted before 1854, could be paid by one hundred eagles coined after that year, though they contained no more than ninety-four eagles when the contract was made; and this is not because of the intrinsic value of the coin, but because of its legal value."

Perhaps if the sagacious editor of the McPherson Republican would knock around a little, he might learn something yet, if he is not too old.—Topeka (Kan.) Advocate.

Should He Be in the Party.

Every man worth less than \$30,000 should be in the people's party, from self interest as well as from love of justice, and every man worth more than that sum should be in it from patriotism and philanthropy, and in many cases from self interest also.—Missouri Work.

LEVERETT LEONARD.

There is a Man, a Noble Man, Honest, Loyal and Able.

We see that sometimes the papers are again booming Commissioner H. J. Amman for the presidency of the F. & L. U. in Missouri. We can hardly see why one who held that position as long as Brother Hickman should be again elected. We are inclined to think that we should have some new man in the place—a man not in the least tainted with partisanship or ambition and at the same time is thoroughly acquainted with the principles of the F. & L. U. We have in mind a man who helped form the demands of the organization, and one who is thoroughly in earnest in the advance work whom we would like to see made president of the order in Missouri, and that man is Leverett Leonard.—Alliance Defender.

Good enough for us, and so far as we can hear, good enough for any body of true alliance men in this state. A man need not go twice to find where L. Leonard stands upon the alliance demands, the correct position of the state president would give the alliance in Missouri a forward start that no combination of gall and corruption could resist. He is a man among men, one of those pure Missouri gentlemen, who, when once they choose a cause give it their whole heart, their time, their energy—everything. He is one of those men about whom there is a subtle something that attracts and holds friends by the score. Do you know what that something is, neighbor? It is the possession of the true characteristics of an honorable gentleman—it is the knowledge that one in contact with a true man and a brave one—one who when he has convictions is not afraid to give them voice. We are for him. We are glad our neighbor mentioned the name. It must be a thrill creep up your spinal column.

When a few days ago we thought of L. Leonard, the face and figure of Minor Major, of Blackburn, for president, stood beside him. The two were alike in the grandness of their aims, the honesty of their intentions, the nobility of their manhood. Yes, the state alliance in Missouri needs nothing which would so insure its long life as to select this man for the responsible position of state president. There will be no skulking in tents; from now on there will be no straggling of leaders; from his lips no alliance man or anti-alliance would hear a syllable of condemnation of any of our just demands—the Ocala seven. We are for him. From all over this state there could arise—disinterested men—and pointing to President Leonard of the Missouri State Alliance, exclaim: "There is a man, a noble man, honest, loyal and able. That is what we need. These are the men this reform movement needs in the forefront. But, if the alliance in this state wants Brother L. Leonard for president, the ensuing year, the nomination must go to him freely and fully. He will not seek it. Most strongly has he our commendation and our support for that position. There are principles and principles, but this man and his loyalty to the true principles of the right of the people to rule their country is all that could be asked by the order of the day. This position upon our own responsibility. The advocacy of Brother L. Leonard by the Alliance Defender, and the holding of his name, gave us the right to speak our convictions. We feel that delegates should not go to the state union with little idea of a man, loyal and true, upon whom they could consolidate. Hence we give to these men, the men of the spring language: integrity, ability and loyalty of him who bears it. Letters by the dozens have reached us asking us to mention Brother Leonard, but we did not feel at liberty under the circumstances to do so. We are for him—Marshall (Mo.) Alliance Watchman.

Cannot Afford to Be Side-Tracked.

Don't suffer yourselves to be betrayed with a kiss. The man that tells you that the usefulness of our order is endangered by standing by our principles is deluded himself or tries to deceive the people. To accomplish anything we must be aggressive. We can not afford to compromise with the enemy. The money question is the chief corner-stone in the great edifice of our movement and we can not afford to be side-tracked in the coming state meeting. The question to be decided at our state meeting is not the third party question, but it is to be decided whether or not we will stand by our principles and adopt the Ocala platform. This is the question before the brotherhood of Missouri, or to put it in another form, will the alliance in Missouri sustain President Hall in his third party platform or will she not? Let every brother in Missouri post himself and be prepared to vote intelligently on this all important question.—Inter-State Alliance Echo.



KEEPING OUT OF POLITICS.

REPUBLICAN POLITICIAN—My friend, remember that the alliance is a strictly non-partisan organization. You must keep out of politics and continue to vote the republican ticket!

FARMER'S ALLIANCE MAN—A plague on both your houses! How can I vote and yet keep out of politics. I guess I shall vote for the party that adopts my principles into its platform.

DEMOCRATIC POLITICIAN—Be careful and do not drag the alliance into partisan politics. Work and vote for the democratic party and all will be well!

here. The conflict must and will continue. Ignorance of the great underlying causes that are producing this upheaval will neither correct our wrongs nor avoid the consequences.—W. C. Cretwell.

—Andrew Carnegie says: "What a grand thing it would be for Great Britain if our country could be brought down to a silver basis." Great Britain did not seem to think so when it sent an emissary over here with \$500,000, and secured the demonetization of silver in 1873.—Missouri World.

—The objectionable feature about the sub-treasury plan is that it supplants the speculative class, and when you strike the speculative you strike the head and heart of the old parties. Their leaders, in methods of earning or producing the wealth they absorb, are as ignorant as they are of heaven.—Non-conformist.

—In 1872, silver being demonetized in France, England and Holland, a capital of \$300,000 was raised and Ernest Seyd of London, was sent to this country with this fund as agent of the foreign bondholders and capitalists, to effect the same object—the demonetization of silver, which was accomplished.

—Among the many questions for discussion proposed by National President Powers, the following are germane to the present agitation: What is money? What are the uses of money? Is money a commodity? Who furnishes the money for this country? Who ought to furnish it? How should money be furnished to the people?—Exchange.

—The mighty movement of the masses is shaking the very foundations of the nineteenth century, and even now drawing in dim outline the new civilization of the next century. The time was when all eyes were fixed upon the great and powerful kings and warriors of history. Poets sang of them. Literature fawned at their feet. But today all is changed.—Journal of Knowledge of Labor.

—A people ignorant of their political and social rights will never select a safe leader of social and political reform. They will be beguiled into placing in power blatant demagogues and crafty place seekers, who will promise everything and perform nothing; who will use the temporary supremacy and position granted them for their own aggrandizement.—Dallas (Tex.) Southern Mercury.

the result of stranding on the sandbars, going to pieces on the rocks, or reaching open water as a matter of pure accident or chance. In every campaign since 1872 the tariff has been the leading issue to the exclusion of nearly all others. Efforts are again being made to have the campaign of 1892 a repetition of this character. Is such a course fair to the people, and can the old parties afford to continue it, are questions which the sagacious of either party should consider carefully. During the past twenty years of tariff discussion the people have grown poorer and their burden of indebtedness has grown larger. Neither the force of argument nor the result of experience has settled the questions or decided definitely to the satisfaction of the interested as to what is really the proper course to pursue. In fact, as an economic question it is no nearer than it was a century ago. It would be very difficult just for anyone to clearly define what constitutes republican protection to home industry or democratic tariff reform. The people have discovered that this tariff contention is to a large extent like the beating of drums and blowing of horns to attract attention, while other legislative measures are being enacted. Following up these facts they have found that whatever faults may lie with the tariff, there are other important factors which experience and information enable them to know positively contribute to the distressed and unhappy condition. These factors and a demand for their removal have been plainly set forth in the demands of the alliance and the platform of the people's party. The situation, summed up is about as follows: The republican party is defending the doctrine of protection and ignoring everything else, while the democratic party is advocating tariff reform and straddling all other questions. In opposition to both is the people's party demanding reforms in economic conditions, which the old parties ignore and neglect. The strength of both the old parties lies in the partisanship of its members and not their devotion to principle. It is the love of party and the strength of party that binds them together, and not faith to the doctrines of free trade or protection. The question for politicians to consider is how much longer will they stand by the present party bonds without the present party tension? Is it probable that partisanship can be depended on as

adherents would have met with the same fate that overtook ex-Senator Ingalls and his friends. It is no longer a theory that can be measured by the exigency of the occasion, and not by apparent candor or earnestness. In view of this the duty of each seems perfectly plain. A general reckoning should be made and the bearings taken in accordance with the best information and thorough knowledge obtainable. It should be a conscientious, intelligent and fearless conclusion, backed up by honesty and continuity of purpose. Such a reckoning would avoid the quicksands and shoals, the rock and breakers and lead on to safety and a quiet harbor. Will not the intelligent, independent producers of this country begin such an investigation? Would it not be entirely proper to say they had already begun, and that evidences of such an effort could be seen on every hand? Should such a course be undertaken, which of the three parties now before the public would be the beneficiary? Would the republican party gain through a thorough discussion of the tariff? Could it bring over to its membership any that now hold to the doctrine of "tariff reform"? Or could it induce the alliance or the people's party to once more trust its financial policy? These questions answer themselves: No one believes it possible. If it should take the form of a public undertaking, how would such an effort result with democracy? Could it bring to its ranks any considerable number of those who now hold to the doctrine of tariff reform? Would republicans in sufficient number desert their party to ent any figure in the result of the coming national campaign? No one believes it possible. It would be another drawn battle as in the past, and as such would best serve the interests of the party leaders. Suppose again a strong third party should take the field, backed up with the Knights of Labor and both the white and colored alliances, its Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association and other similar organizations, and pose the short ignore entirely the question of tariff and discuss finance, land, transportation and other live questions, what would be the result?

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, July 31, 1891.

Washington has not had such a lively week, politically speaking, for months as the present one has been, and if outward indications count for anything the Blaine boom has suddenly grown into such proportions as to completely overthrow the Harrison boom, which, up to this week apparently, had the right of way on the Republican track, and the prediction is being freely made that it is only a question of time when Mr. Harrison will formally announce the withdrawal of his name. What has brought about this change? Well, opinions differ. The prominent Republicans here, members of the National Executive committee, and others attracted here by the meeting of that committee, held Wednesday evening, say that there has been no change and that the present situation is the logical outcome of the almost universal demand of the rank and file of the Republican party that Blaine be the nominee; others say that the actions of certain Republicans favorable to Mr. Harrison in helping to spread misrepresentations of Mr. Blaine's actions and health has done the work. I cannot say which, if either, of these opinions is correct; but the fact remains that while Mr. Blaine, according to those who are certainly in a position to speak for him, will not be a candidate, he will do nothing to prevent his being nominated, and if the nomination comes to him without effort on his part he will accept it. That is all his friends wanted, and those Republicans here this week, including the National Executive committee, appear to be all his friends and all certain that he will be the nominee. Well, we shall see.

Statistics are not usually interesting to the average reader, but the statements made this week by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics of the foreign commerce and immigration of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, contain figures that should interest every intelligent person. The total value of our foreign commerce was \$1,729,330,896, a much larger amount than it ever reached before in a single year. We imported merchandise to the amount of \$844,905,491, and exported \$884,425,405 worth. The McKinley tariff law went into effect on October 6, 1890, and from that time until June 30, 1891, a few days less than nine months, we imported merchandise to the value of \$690,206,005, against \$593,769,905 during a corresponding period in the preceding fiscal year. During the same period the value of goods admitted free of duty was \$295,963,665, against \$208,983,873 during the same time in the preceding fiscal year. More gold was exported during the last fiscal year than in any single year of our history. Here are the figures: exported, \$86,303,622; imported, \$18,246,512. The total immigration into the United States during the fiscal year was 555,496, against 451,219 the preceding year, the increase being largely from the following countries: Italy, 23,354; Austria-Hungary, 14,861; Germany, 21,132, and Russia, including Poland, 28,245. Stop and think a moment over these figures; it will enlarge your ideas of the immensity of this country.

Secretary Foster has quietly ignored the letter recently written by Immigration Commissioner Owen to Representative Niedringhaus taking the ground that Welch tin plate workers can be legally brought to this country under contract, and has written another letter stating that the Treasury department can not undertake to determine in advance of the importation of tin plate workers the legality of bringing them. It is said that the Secretary was very much put out by what he considers Commissioner Owen's bad break, and that he intimated to that gentleman very plainly that a letter of such importance should not have been sent without first being submitted to him. The outcome of the matter is to be a series of regulations supposed to cover everything coming under the alien contract law, which, it is stated, are soon to be issued by the Treasury department.

Two other subdivisions of Secretary Foster have been overruled by him in a little matter upon which they had set their hearts. Asst. Secretary Crouse and Treasurer Nebeker it seems found the pleasure of holding office so great that they wished their respective sons to get a share of it, so each of them appointed his son to be his private secretary. When the appointments reached the secretary he refused to confirm them. Then the two gentlemen put their heads together and the result was that Mr. Crouse appointed Mr. Nebeker's son to be his private secretary and Mr. Nebeker reappointed by appointing Crouse's son to be his private secretary, but Secretary Foster wasn't to be caught by any

such deal as that, and he again vetoed the two appointments.

A reciprocity treaty with San Domingo has been agreed upon, and will go into effect September 1.

The resignations of Senator Quay, chairman, and Col. W. W. Dudley, treasurer, of the Republican National committee, were accepted by the Executive committee and J. S. Clarkson was elected chairman and instructed to appoint a treasurer. Mr. Quay has also resigned his place on the National committee, which removes him from national politics entirely.

FOR THE BLOOD.
Washburn, Maine, Indigestion and Biliousness, take
BROWN'S TONIC BITTERS.
It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

MORGAN COUNTY.

Kael Evolutions.
The election passed off quietly at the place. Below I give a part of the majority vote:
For the new Constitution..... 4
" Brown..... 4
" Hargis..... 54
" Rice..... 23
" Swango..... 23

T. N. Barker, of this place, has invented and has in use one of the best and most convenient beehives that has yet been made. He will try for a patent. He will also have some of the honey at the Hazel Green Fair.

James Elam, of Mt. Sterling, is wheeling the new drummer, W. H. Nickell, over the country. They were in our town last week with enough samples to set up a store.

Born, on the 28th of July, to the wife of A. M. Murphy, a girl; on July 30th, to the wife of S. S. Dennis, a boy.

Elmer Hays, who has been keeping company with S. J. Salyers for the last month, is in town.

Dr. J. F. Lockhart last week bought an extra good horse of R. A. Childers for \$125.
Little Beulah Thomas, of St. Helena, is visiting relatives in town.
Floyd Patrick and family, of Virginia, are visiting in town.

An Important Correction.
Through a piece of gross carelessness the card of P. E. Phillips, in our Fair catalogue reads, "with J. M. Robinson & Co." and it should read "with Carter Bros. & Co." We hope all interested will note the correction, and make due allowance for a rash of work night and day for a month past.

Attention, F. & E. V.
The Tenth Congressional F. & L. U. of Kentucky will meet at Jackson, Breathitt county, Ky., on the 24th and 25th of August, 1891. Each county will send five delegates. The officers and standing committees are requested to be present, as a full representation and a large attendance is desired. The County Union of Breathitt is appointed a committee on arrangements.

A. J. RINGO,
President 10th Cong. Dist. Union.

Last Notice and Fair Warning.
We have heretofore notified all persons that we will not do any further credit business. We need money to meet our debts, and those indebted to us must pay, and not one cent's worth more credit will be extended to any one who owes us as much as one cent now. This is emphatic and final and we will not honor any more "orders." Respectfully,
July 15, J. T. DAY & CO.

Tribute of Respect.

Died, July 26th, 1891, Martha Lykins, wife of J. R. Lykins, of consumption, in the 32nd year of her life. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Wm. Lykins, J. M. Wheeler and Green Stacy. The deceased was the mother of four children, three of whom survive her. After funeral services she was buried in the cemetery of the F. & L. U., composed of the members of Caney, Salem, Valley, Low Gap, and Poplar Grove sub-unions. The following resolutions were adopted:
1. That in the death of sister Lykins the fraternity has lost a worthy and consistent member, the church a shining light, her husband a loving and affectionate companion, her children a kind and tender mother.
2. That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved ones, and pray the blessings of heaven to rest upon them.
3. That the Lodge wear the badge of mourning for thirty days.
4. That the HAZEL GREEN HERALD be requested to print these resolutions, and that a copy be furnished to the husband of the deceased.

D. C. LYKINS, President.
J. C. SEBASTIAN, Secretary.
J. C. SEBASTIAN, Committee.

NOTICE.—The sale of the booth privileges of the Hazel Green Fair Association will take place on Wednesday, Sept. 16, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Ashland Park Stallions for 1891.

BERMUDA, 5874.

Yearling exhibition 2:39; two-year-old record 2:29; three-year-old record 2:24; (third heat); four-year-old record 2:22; five-year-old record 2:20; six-year-old record 2:17.

Black horse, 15 hands 3 inches high; foaled June 15, 1883. Bred at Ashland Park.

Sired by **BANKER, 4144.**

Own brother to Lysander, sire of Lysander Boy 2:20; Watt 2:24; William Kearney 2:20; J. G. Patchen, trial 2:38 (grandam of Chestnut Wilkes 2:20); by Mambrino Patchen, sire of the dams of Guy Wilkes 2:15; Astral 2:18; Rosa Wilkes 2:18; Elvira 2:18; Cleora 2:18; Hour 2:17, and 39 others in the 2:30 list.

Second dam **Maiky** by Stanhope's Blood Hawk, sire of dam of Belmont 2:27; and Alred dam **Pattie** by Dowling's Vermont, sire of the dam of Enigma 2:26; Mambrino Bruce 2:40; sire of Kit Curry 2:18; Bell Wilson 2:25; Gil's Vermont, sire of Bonner Boy 2:23, and sire of the dams of Abel 2:24; Col. Bradshaw 2:20; Nelly 1:20; Jambetta 2:26; The King 2:29; Outlaw 2:29; Pearl 2:30.

Fourth dam **Jesse**, by Thomas Jefferson. He is a beautiful black, with right hind ankle white, stands 15½ hands high, and is a perfect horse, all over, having both bone and substance combined, with the form and finish characteristic of the cross he so well represents; viz: Hambletonian sire and Mambrino Patchen dam. He is one of the very best, because public performances have demonstrated its value. Of its many representatives not one is the superior of Bermuda, for not one has demonstrated the same ability to train on from year to year, beginning in his yearling form; none are better bred or better looking.

As a sire he is of course untitled, his first colts being foaled in 1884. He is judged at this age no stallion ever sired more uniform natural gaited colts with speed and substance than he. He is the sire of 1801 at \$200 to insure, the money to be paid as follows: \$100 at the time of service and \$100 when the mare proves in foal. Being limited to 30 outside mares, parties wishing to breed to him had better book their mares early.

Mares bred by the season, not proving in foal, have the usual privilege of return. I breed sound, highly finished trotters, and have for sale high bred colts, out of producing dams, by a greater number of prominent sires, than any farm in the land. For catalogue, which can be had on application. Mares kept at regular rates.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

1891-1892.

HAZEL GREEN ACADEMY.

Normal and Preparatory School.

FIRST TERM BEGINS
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1891.

Rates of Tuition per Month:
\$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00

Payable, one-half on entering School, the other at middle of term.

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.
Any scholars taking first and second honors on the completion of their courses in the Academy shall be entitled to a year's scholarship each in Kentucky University. A free scholarship in the Academy will be awarded to one pupil from each of the following mountain counties, viz: Breathitt, Clay, Elliott, Floyd, Harlan, Johnson, Knott, Lee, Leslie, Letcher, Lawrence, Martin, Magdalen, Mingo, Morgan, Owen, Perry, Pike, Powell, Rowan; provided, such arrangements have been made for the competitive examination by the common school authorities, or with their consent, shall enable such student of common school grades to compete for the scholarship, and the applicant therefor shall bear a certificate from the examiner that he has obtained the highest mark attained upon the examination in his county.

BOARDING.
We are arranging to build a Dormitory that will accommodate 50 boarders, and will have it ready for occupancy by the opening of school. There will not be any more trouble about "too high board." The cost of board will be the lowest possible.

We will be prepared to do better work next session than ever before. During the summer the school will be supplied with maps, charts, globes, etc.

You cannot find a better school in the mountains of Kentucky. Our rates are low; our methods of teaching Normal, we keep abreast with the tide of education. Our pupils are our best advertisement. We refer you to them.

Hazel Green is the prettiest town in Eastern Kentucky; free from many of the ills of mountain towns, and the site of more population; no saloons or haunts of temptation. The people welcome strangers, and in fact for good or ill, are around them. All boarders will be under the supervision of the teachers. Send for catalogues, etc.

WM. H. CORD,
May 8, 1891. PRINCIPAL.

T. F. CARR, Jeweler
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THE BEST
ALL OVER THE WORLD
WATER
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Watches, Clocks, Jewelry

FAYETTE WILKES,

(—203—)
(Trial Oct. 9, 1886, 2:23½).

Bay horse, 15 hands 3 inches high, foaled May 3, 1874. The handsomest son of his great sire, and the handsomest of any trotting bred horse in the United States.

Sired by **GEORGE WILKES, 2:22.**

Sire of Harry Wilkes 2:15; Guy Wilkes 2:15; Mike Wilkes, pacer, 2:15; Wilcox 2:16; So So 2:17; Wilcox, pacer, 2:16; Rosa Wilkes 2:15; Wilton 2:19; Joe Bunker 2:19; Flora Wilkes, pacer, 2:19; Tom Rogers 2:20, etc.

First dam **Sally Hamlet** (winner of two-year-old Hamlet Stakes in 1875), by Hamlet sire of Lorelei F 2:18; A. V. Pandell 2:20; Truro, pacer, 2:23; Lady M 2:23; Leontine 2:23; Brookside Flora 2:29, and the dams of Thornless 2:18; Cyclone 2:23; Grubny 2:25; Graceland 2:25; and Hamletta 2:29½.

Second dam **Sal** (dam of Coarser 2:26; Captain Clay, Driftwood, and grandam of Marlowe, pacer, 2:15; by Canada Chief, sire of dams of Governor, 2:30; and Joe Hooker, sire of Maud Macey, 2:17, etc.

Third dam (the dam of **Sofo**, that produced Blanche, 2:25½), by Imp. Yorkshire, sire of dam of Ashland Chief, sire of Black Cloud 2:17½.

Fourth dam by Woodpecker, thoroughbred, sire of Prince 2:27, ten miles in 28:08½.

The fee of Fayette Wilkes is within the reach of all, and lower than that of any horse of equal merit in Kentucky.

SEASON \$100.

Mares kept at regular rates.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
ART + PAPER + HANGINGS
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INTERIOR DECORATIONS.
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W. H. MEARA, President.
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CHEAPER SCHOOL BOOKS.

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing that they have just completed arrangements with the American Book Company that will enable him to sell the school-books adopted by the State Board of Education at the following reduced rates:
McGuffey's Small Primer..... 3½
" Revised Primer..... 17
" Eclectic Speller..... 15
" First Reader..... 39
" Second Reader..... 39
" Third Reader..... 50
" Fourth Reader..... 50
" Sixth..... 75
McGuffey's 1st Eclectic Geography..... \$ 1.10
" 2d Eclectic Geography..... 1.10
The above school-book publications of the American Book Company are well-known standards, and are sold at all times have a full supply on hand for sale to school officers, teachers or pupils at the prices named. Other school-books published by the American Book Company, 137 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, supplied at correspondingly low prices.
J. T. DAY & CO., Hazel Green, Ky.

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WHITES CREAM VERMIFUGE
HAS LED ALL WORM REMEDIES FOR 20 YEARS
EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED
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COFFINS, CASKETS,
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I am prepared to furnish, on short notice and at low prices, COFFINS OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES, from the cheapest to the very finest. I can furnish coffins cheaper than you can buy the trimmings. Price of Coffins from \$8 up. I have a fine hearse, and the best of everything else.
FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS REPAIRED.
TOMBSTONES! My arrangements are such that I can furnish Tombstones or very lowest prices. Very respectfully, &c.,
J. W. CRAVEN.

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